210 AAP Q·m for Bus II

2:30 hrs

Total marks:

[7]

· Note:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Only simple calculators are allowed.

Q.1[a]	Fill in the blanks. [Attempt any 8]		[8]
i.	is the maximum amount obtained perfect information about o	that should be spent on market research to courrence of state of nature.	
ii.	In method allocations are transportation table.	re done from top left side corner of	
iii.	represent the revenue of	r profit associated with a particular course of	
iv.	action. Replacement ratio $[\theta]$ is given by for		
v.	IFS by method give lov	vest transportation cost.	
vi.	is the difference bety	veen two lowest costs for a row or a column.	
vii.	in solution.	ween minimum positive θ , then there is	
viii.	method is used for		
xi.		umber of allocations in the solution is not equal	
х.	to m+n-1problem is unbalance if t	otal supply is not equal to total demand.	
Q.1[b]	Define the following terms.[Attemp	t any 7]	[7]
1.	Constraints	6. Decision theory	
2.	Risk	7. EMV	
3.	Optimal solution	8. Unbalance assignment problem	
4.	Key row in simplex table.	9. Penalty	
5	Infeasible solution in simplex	10. Artificial variable	

Q.2[a] Following pay off matrix represents four actions A₁,A₂, A₃,A₄ and four events E₁,E₂,E₃ and E₄

Events		Strategies				
	S1	S2	S3	S4		
N1(0.2)	100	-50	-200	-350		
N2(0.3)	100	200	50	-100		
N3(0.4)	100	200	300	150		
N4(0.1)	100	200	300	400		

- i. Find Optimal decision using EMV technique
- iii. Find maximum amount that can be spent on market research for gathering perfect information.

	Product Variant				
Demand	Yummy	Oats	Ragi		
High	30	40	55		
Moderate	10	15	20		
Low	10	5	3		

Find appropriate decision for each of the following criteria Maximin, maximax, Laplace, Hurwitz(alpha = 0.8)

OR

Q.2[p] A company wants to launch any one out of two models of a product called "Exotic" [7] and "Natural". The possible market demand levels are 50,000, 40,000, 20,000 and 5,000 units. Possible pay off (in Rs.) for both models under each demand are given below:

Demand(in units)	Exotic	Natural
	*	
50,000	60,000	45,000
40,000	50,000	40,000
20,000	20,000	25,000
5,000	10,000	15,000

Identify which model company should launch using Maximin, Hurwitz alpha criteria (alpha=0.7) and Minimax regret criteria.

Q.2[q] A company is evaluating three alternative single period investment opportunities [8] whose returns are based on state of economy fair, good and excellent and associated probabilities are 0.20,0.40 and 0.40 The returns in rupees for each investment opportunity and each state of economy are as follows:

	S	State of Economy			
Alternatives	Fair	Good	Excellent		
A_1	80	50	-25		
A_2	70	45	-10		
A ₃	50	40	0		

Construct decision tree and find best alternative for investment.

Q3[a] Solve following LPP by graphical method

Maximize z = 40x + 80 y

Subject to

 $2x + 3y \le 48$

 $x \le 15$

 $y \le 10$

where $x, y \ge 0$

[b] Solve the following LPP by simplex method

[8]

[7]

[8]

Minimize z = 25x + 30y

Subject to

 $4x + 3y \ge 60$

 $2x + 3y \ge 36$

where x, $y \ge 0$

OR

Q.3[p] Solve following LPP by graphical method Minimize z=2x + 4y Subject to [7] -

 $6x + y \ge 18$

PQIOAAP

Siy A/F Om for Bress II

[q] Solve following LPP by simplex method

Maximize z = 4x + 3y

Subject to

 $x + y \leq 50$

 $x + 2y \le 80$

 $3x + 2y \le 140$

where $x, y \ge 0$

Q.4[a] A company has 3 plants A, B, C with capacities of 152, 164 and 154 units. They supply to 3 warehouses P, Q and R with demand of 144, 204, and 82 units. Find IFS by VAM and optimum solution by MODI method.

[8]

171

[8]

 Plants
 Warehouses

 P
 Q
 R

 A
 16
 24
 24

 B
 48
 72
 48

 C
 24
 48
 72

[b] A company has 3 plants P1, P2, P3with capacities 300, 250 and 150 units. It [7] supplies to three warehouses W1, W2, W3 with demand of 250, 250 and 200 units. Profit per unit from each plant to each warehouse is given in Rs. Find optimal

solution and optimal profit.

Plants	Warehouses				
	W1	W2	W3		
P1	20	32	28		
P2	24	35	26		
P3	27	29	31		

OR

Q.4[p] There are 3 plants A, B, C. They supply to 4 warehouses w1, w2, w3, and w4. Cost [8] per unit and demand-supply data is as given below. Find optimal transportation schedule.

Plants	Warehou	Capacity			
	W1	W2	W3	W4	
A	10	12	9	6	70
В	7	3	7	7	60
С	6	6	9	11	90
Demand	60	40	60	20	

[a] Consider the given IFS and answer the following questions

der the give	n if 5 and	answer u	ne tollowii	ig questio	ns
WH	W1	W2	W3	W4	Supply
Plant			·		
P1	6	3	5	4	22
		12	1	9	
P2	5	9	2	7	15
			15		
P3	5	7	8	6	8
	7		(1)		
Demand	7	12	17	9	

i. Is the solution degenerate?

ii. Is the solution optimal?

Q.5[a] A five star Hotel, which has four banquet halls used for function. The halls are of same size but with varying facilities. 4 parties approached to reserved a hall for a function on the same day. These parties were told that first choice among these halls would cost Rs. 10,000 for the day. They were told to indicate the 2nd, 3rd and 4th preferences and the price they would be willing to pay. Two parties A and D told that they were not interest in halls 3 and 4. The following table shows preference wise income details. What would be the optimal assignment to maximize total revenue.

Parties	1	2	3	4
A	10	9	ann sin	
В	8	10	8	5
С	7	10	6	8
D	10	8	game settle	No. 448

[b] A company has 4 districts I, II, III and IV to sell its product and 4 salesmen A, B, C and D for it. District wise sales record of each salesmen is as given in the table. Determine the area allocation so as to make the sales maximum. What will be total maximum sale?

Salesman		Dist		
	I	II	III	IV
A	420	350	280	210
B	300	250	200	150
C	300	250	200	150
D	240	200	160	120

OR

Q.5[p] In a factory there are 5 employees and 5 jobs are to be done on a one to one basis. [5]

Time required (in minutes) is given for each employee-Job combination. Find optimal assignment of Employees and jobs to minimize total time.

Job Emp.	P	Q	R	S	T
A	160	130	175	190	200
В	135	120	130	160	175
C	140	110	155	170	185
D	50	50	80	80	110
E	55	35	70	80	105

Vitamins A and B are found in foods F₁ and F₂. One unit of food F₁ contains 3 units of Vitamins A and 4 units of Vitamins B. One unit of food F₂ contains 6 units of Vitamins A and 3 units of Vitamins B. One unit of food F₁ and F₂ cost 4 and Rs. 5 respectively. The minimum daily requirement for a person of Vitamins A and B is 80 and 100 units respectively. Assuming that anything in excess of the daily minimum requirements of the Vitamins is not harmful, formulate the given L.P.P.

[7] A company has 3 factories A, B and C with capacities of 11,13 and 19 units. It has 4 warehouses W1,W2,W3 and W4 with demands of 6,10,12 and 15 units. Unit cost Transportation is given from each factory to each warehouse.

Plants Warehouses W1 W2 W3 W4